## スポーツ消費者の観戦目的特性と最終目的達成が満足度と幸せに与える影響

The effects of sport consumers' goal types and goal valence on satisfaction and happiness

佐藤晋太郎 1), 押見大地 2), 原田宗彦 2), 佐藤幹寛 3), 朝倉雅史 4), 高鏞在 5)
1)ジョージアサザン大学健康・人間科学部
2)早稲田大学スポーツ科学学術院
3)ジェームズ・マディスン大学経営学部
4)早稲田大学グローバルエデュケーションセンター
5)フロリダ大学観光レクリエーションスポーツマネジメント学部

Shintaro Sato<sup>1)</sup>, Daichi Oshimi<sup>2)</sup>, Munehiko Harada<sup>2)</sup>, Mikihiro Sato<sup>3)</sup>, Masashi Asakura<sup>4)</sup>, Yong Jae Ko<sup>5)</sup>

- 1) College of Health and Human Sciences, Georgia Southern University
  - <sup>2)</sup> Faculty of Sport Sciences, Waseda University
  - 3) College of Buisiness, James Madison University
    - <sup>4)</sup> Global Education Center, Waseda University

キーワード:スポーツマネジメント,主観的幸福感,自己決定理論,スポーツ観戦,顧客満足 Key words: Sport management, subjective well-being, self-determination theory, sport spectator, customer satisfaction

## 抄 録

Drawing on the self-determination theory, the current study employed a 2 (Goal type: Enjoyment vs. Victory)  $\times$  2 (Goal valence: Positive vs. Negative) factorial experiment to test how sport spectators' satisfaction and happiness were influenced by their sport consumption. The results indicated that there were no differences regarding satisfaction and happiness when consumers achieved their consumption goals. However, having enjoyment relative to victory as a consumption goal created more negative impact on their consumption satisfaction and happiness when they failed to achieve their goals. Furthermore, when the consumption outcome became negative, having goals supporting their favorite teams' victory worked as a shield to alleviate the negative impact elicited by the negative consumption experience.

スポーツ科学研究, 12, 101-120, 2015年, 受付日:2015年4月7日, 受理日:2015年9月30日連絡先:佐藤晋太郎 Hollis Building 1129A 62 Georgia Avenue PO Box 8076, Statesboro GA 30460 USA.

Tel: +1-404-434-5288, ssato@georgiasouthern.edu